Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Class period:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The Story of Texas**

***Mexican Independence***

Spain ruled the area now called Texas for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years until the Mexicans rose up and won their independence. Mexicans were unhappy with Spanish rule because the best \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were saved for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were being used to fund wars in Europe. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, eleven years after the war had begun, Mexico won its independence. The area we now refer to as “Texas” became a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or state, of Mexico. It was called Coahuila y \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.



***Anglos Come to Coahuila y Tejas***

Before Mexico won its independence, an empresario named Moses Austin got permission from the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government to bring other Anglos from the U.S. to live in Mexico. However, before he could bring any Anglos, Moses Austin died. After Mexico won its independence, his son, Stephen Austin continued his mission and brought settlers to Mexico. They were called The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Mexico wanted the Anglos move to Coahuila y Tejas because they needed to jump-start their economy. The more citizens it has, the more taxes collected. The Anglos wanted to come to Coahuila y Tejas for three reasons: it was a chance to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the land was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and it only cost \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an acre!

However, in order to move to Coahuila y Tejas, Anglos had to agree to several things. First, the only religion they were allowed to be was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Second, they had to become Mexican citizens and third, follow all the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***Road to the Revolution***

In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Mexico wrote a constitution for their new country. Unlike the U.S. Constitution, Anglos in Coahuila y Tejas did not have the freedom of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and could not own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, the Anglo Texans disobeyed many of these laws angering the Mexicans. Anglo Texans continued to keep their slaves and soon outnumber Mexicans themselves 5 to 1. Soon the Mexican government became suspicious of the Anglo Texans, fearing a revolt.

To keep the Texans under control the Mexican government issued the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The Decree ended \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the U.S., created \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on things from the U.S., set up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep Anglos from crossing the border, and ended all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. These new laws increased tensions on both sides.

In response to the Decree of April 6, 1830, the Anglo Texans met at a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1832 and 1833. Here they made a list of demands of the Mexican government. They included:

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( NOT IN WORD

5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ BANK)

The Anglo Texans elected Stephen F. Austin to take the demands to the Santa Anna and the Mexican government. Santa Anna agreed to almost all of the requests except \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This was perhaps the most important demand to the Anglo Texans. Although much of the Decree was taken back, they were still upset that this demand was not met and were further angered by Stephen Austin’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Word Bank**

Mexican Independence

Tejas 300 taxes 1821 Province Jobs Spanish

Anglos Come to Coahuila y Tejas

Spanish Old 300 fertile 12.5 cents laws start over Catholic

Road to the Revolution

Arrest 1824 religion immigration speech slaves assembly

Decree of April 6, 1830 tariffs forts schools convention armies newspapers

Texas becoming its own state