
$A B C D$ is a $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle A D B=$ $\qquad$ Why? $\qquad$
(Hint: What kind of triangle is $\triangle A B D$ ?)
$m \angle B D C=$ $\qquad$
Why? $\qquad$
$m \angle B C D=$ $\qquad$
Why? $\qquad$

EGFH is a rhombus.
$F K=12 \mathrm{~m}$
$K G=5 \mathrm{~m}$
$F G=13 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter $=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$F E=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$

JLNM is a rhombus.
$\triangle N P$ is an equilateral triangle.
$N P Q R$ is a square.
Perimeter of heptagon JLPQRNM = $\qquad$
because $\qquad$
$m \angle J M N=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle M N L=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle L N P=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle R N P=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle M N R=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\triangle$ NMR is scalene / isosceles / equilateral (circie one) because $\qquad$
$m \angle N M R=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$

Mark the figures using your knowledge of parallelograms and triangles.

$A B C D$ is a parallelogram.

$m \angle D=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$ | $m \angle D A C=\quad$ because |
| :--- |
| $m \angle C A B=\quad$ because |
| $m \angle B C A=\quad$ because |
| $C D=\quad$ and $B C=\quad$ because |

$\qquad$

$P Q R S$ is a parallelogram. Its diagonals intersect at $T . Q T=4.1 \mathrm{~cm} . P R=5.6 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Use the given measurements to find the following:

$$
m \angle P Q R=
$$ (Hint: Look at $\triangle P Q R$.)

$m \angle R Q T=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $m \angle R T Q=$ (Hint: Look at $\triangle R T Q$.)
$m \angle S T P=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$m \angle Q T P=\quad$ because
$\qquad$
$m \angle R S Q=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$Q S=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$P T=$ $\qquad$ because $\qquad$

